Robot-Assisted Nephropexy

Marcelo Langer Wroclawski 1,2, Guilherme Andrade Peixoto 2, Marcio Covas Moschovas 2, Arie Carneiro 1, Milton Borrelli Jr. 1, José Roberto Colombo Jr. 1

1 Hospital Israelita Albert Einstein, São Paulo, SP, Brasil; 2 Departamento de Urologia, Faculdade de Medicina do ABC, Santo André, SP, Brasil

ABSTRACT

Introduction: Renal ptosis is defined as the renal descent when there is a change from supine to orthostatic position, usually with a change of two vertebral bodies or more than five cm apart. Although rare, it is one of the causes of chronic flank pain or of upper abdomen. The typical patient of renal ptosis is young, female, thin, with complaint of pain when in an upright position (1, 2).

Objective: Demonstrate a robot-assisted nephropexy technique in a young woman diagnosed with symptomatic renal ptosis on the right kidney, confirmed by imaging tests.

Materials and Methods: A 29-year-old female patient with a history of chronic right-sided pain and palpable renal mobility on physical examination. The diagnosis of renal ptosis was confirmed by ultrasound imaging, excretory urography (Figure -1), and renal scintigraphy with 99mTc-DTPA (Figure-2). She was submitted to a robotic-assisted right nephropexy with a polypropylene mesh fixing the right kidney to the ipsilateral psoas muscle fascia.

Result: We reported a 96-minute surgical time. The patient was discharged in the first postoperative day. At the one-month follow-up, there was an important improvement of the symptoms, with normality renal function and imaging tests describing adequate renal positioning.

Conclusions: Robotic-assisted nephropexy is feasible and can be an excellent minimally invasive alternative technique for the proposed surgery. We reported a shorter hospital stay and a faster postoperative recovery compared with the opened procedure.

Figure 1 - Excretory urography.

Figure 2 - Renal scintigraphy.
CONFLICT OF INTEREST

None declared.

ARTICLE INFO

Available at: http://www.intbrazjurol.com.br/video-section/20170390_wroclawski_et_al
Int Braz J Urol. 2018; 44 (Video #14): 1047-1048

REFERENCES


Correspondence address:
Guilherme Andrade Peixoto, MD
Facultade de Medicina do ABC
Rua Johana Luise Falkenburg Binder, 98
São Bernardo do Campo, SP, 09732-290, Brasil
E-mail: gui_peixoto@uol.com.br

Submitted for publication: June 29, 2017
Accepted after revision: September 20, 2017
Published as Ahead of Print: November 21, 2017